

RHYME & SYNERGY 2024 Issue 1

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FNAISIONING LECHNOPOGK





Poetic Thinking

A Pattern Language is a tremendous book. If you are interested in good building/city development, I recommend you get yourself a copy. I couldn't even get a few pages in without my mind being blown:



In an ordinary English sentence, each word has one meaning, and the sentence too, has one simple meaning. In a poem, the meaning is far more dense.

It is also possible to put patterns together in such a way that many many patterns overlap in the same physical space: the building is very dense; it has many meanings captured in a small space; and through this density, it becomes profound.

Now this is something I have been circumambulating for a long time. This is related to complexity-versus-complication, I think - the sort that is spoken of in the Zen of Python.

```
Python 3.11.2 (main, Mar 13 2023, 12:18:29) [GCC 12.2.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>> import this
The Zen of Python, by Tim Peters
Beautiful is better than ugly.
Explicit is better than implicit.
Simple is better than complex.
Complex is better than complicated.
Flat is better than nested.
Sparse is better than dense.
Readability counts.
Special cases aren't special enough to break the rules.
Although practicality beats purity.
Errors should never pass silently.
Unless explicitly silenced.
In the face of ambiguity, refuse the temptation to guess.
There should be one -- and preferably only one -- obvious way to do it.
Although that way may not be obvious at first unless you're Dutch.
Now is better than never.
Although never is often better than *right* now.
If the implementation is hard to explain, it's a bad idea.
If the implementation is easy to explain, it may be a good idea.
Namespaces are one honking great idea -- let's do more of those!
```

The vision of man was surprisingly flat Form follows function in modules black Armor plating to withstand all attack

Linear Intelligence! Photovoltaic Ecology! Pasteurized Ponds! Mechanized Polity!

They lived lives extravagant
Their work was to gallavant
Until their time was up
They soaked up and up
At first with mouth and spoons
Then their deathbeds, arms full of tubes.

Corn-Fed Cowboys! Ungenerative Fetishists! Do-Nothing Conquerors! Intubated Tyrants!

And when some grew weary of parallel line (While the rest thought them perfectly fine) He grasped at thin air - at the chaos-filled breeze And fired up his grinder to make sculptures with ease His forms were barbaric, or perhaps even worse Suggesting his freedom were truly a curse

> Smooth-Flowing Entropy! Art Deco Cars! Jagged Streams! Zero-Pointed Stars!

When he dug just a little
Through the topsoil, grown brittle
A familiar impression
Cause for depression
Forgotten, battered
And yet, not shattered

Terrible beauty! Divine heuristics! Holistic function! Benevolent mystics!

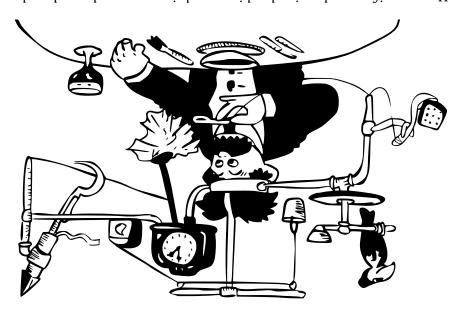
That heavenly radiance undergird all:

The mines - the cities - and even the fall
A foundation rejected but never removed
Only painted over, her rough spots smoothed
And what did man do then, what did he erase?
What do we build - us natives of this place?

don't share the same spirit. exchange inputs and outputs. They do not seem to take on a life - they a relationship to one another except for the fact that they touch or understand for it has many moving parts but none of which seem to have premises; and make something complicated. Such a thing is difficult to that are from different languages; simple things with contradictory We can string together a lot of simple things - especially simple things

A Rube Goldberg machine is complicated - it works, it is even whimsical

one of happenstance. share a deep relationship to one another, they have only a shallow one and interesting to look at, but it is not profound. Its components do not



and an interwoven meaning, especially a meaning pointing to something thing has layers of comprehension, much like scripture has layers, types, a thing, oddly, is easy to understand. Or, perhaps more truly, such a especially things which resonate, we can make something complex. Such However, if we take simple things and interweave them densely,

beyond itself.

understanding. but deeper analysis always reveals a new behavior for study and This is like an ecosystem: there is an obvious way in which it functions,



His works were mighty - lofty - grand

Whose power was solar, carbonic at that

Liberated Harlot! King with a Limp!

Igmi4 seslirroW !anM shaM-flse

Antisexual Life! Unearned Favor! Extractive Economy! Bottled Labor!

Synthetic Sausage! Mineral Wax!

To both the ground and his body Groveling, exhausting folly He takes to the mine

And yet the meat is hard to chew

So he gets on the grind

Pursuing a false crown

Barred from Above

Man, falling

Regretful, despairing

To the pit he sinks down

Shunned the Father's love

Verily, they don't last His days less than grass Do they sustain his endeavors? But do the mines run forever?

> Filling his cup Til the oil erupts

Will he at long last learn?

To heaven, does he turn?

From earth's womb he is born He settles himself there - earthily bound. Nay! To the mines! For a cure can be found!

And stands forlorn

Of a different basis than that heavenly land

Synergistic Soil

The organic^[1] world is a model for what such deep relationships can be. It is a constant model for "fighting entropy" (even if this is simply by outsourcing the entropy to the sun). Organic beings renew and replace themselves, and are highly resourceful, being able to use a broad category of things set before them, and being able to produce a broad category of things for those around them. It is anti-reductionistic.

Healthy Soil is a living ecosystem... nature is more collaborative than competitive, and this concept [runs] totally against training as a government agronomist.

- Gabe Brown, Dirt to Soil

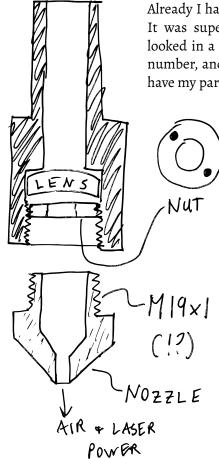
Competition seeks the maximal functioning of a particular portion. Cooperation seeks the maximal functioning of an entire system. Cooperation should not imply conglomeration, though: this is the mistake of central planners, especially of a communist bent. In our machine-minded world, this is difficult to imagine. We have strove to make things simple - too simple. We box away complication and aspire to turn everything into simple functions. We totalize.

We forget that our models are just that - models. They are not the thing themselves, and the world is much more complicated. The the complication is of an often unknown-unknown nature.

Real things are extremely sophisticated, and their functions often go unnoticed. Organic things especially require a degree of diversity - we need a huge swath of micronutrients and microbes to live in full health. Sterility and cleanliness, strange as it may seem to the modern germaphobe, damage our health.

God made a complex thing. Let us learn and study His ways through the book of the world.

1. I don't really like the word "natural"... it implies that man is un-natural and utterly alien from the organic order.



out

Already I have had to replace the linear bearings. It was super simple - I just measured things, looked in a catalog, figured out the generic part number, and found a supplier. A few days later I have my part.

This month I wanted to increase the focal length - easily done by changing the lens (no suprise there). But then, I wanted the nozzle to be the right length, so that the airblast would be right up against my work and actually improve cut quality.

My desire for 'propriety' and a clean solution (complex, not complicated) led me to take the lens apart. I wanted to make a longer lens. But as I took it apart, I would need to cut a M19x1 thread. I guess I could order a die for \$30 - but it would take a few days and I would never use it again. An M19x1 thread just doesn't fit in our shop ecosystem.

So, I took the easy way out: I threaded the nozzle and made an extension from a piece of 1/8" pipe.

I realize now that although this was a weird mashup of things, it ended up making something that was more native to our shop, and more sustainable. It may not make the machine itself more beautiful, but it certainly helps this piece of equipment fit in better to an American farmer's shop.

I don't think everything here is ideal, but there are still points of goodness in this.





Is CHINESE EQUIPMENT MORE R2R?

repair than anything American-made. I have a theory that Chinese-made industrial equipment is far easier to

I don't want that to be true.

way that you can easily access things and fix them. tends to be made of cheap, simple, generic parts put together in such a it is of higher quality, or better workmanship. What I am saying is that it However, my experience tends to prove me correct. I am not saying that

in such a way that things could be easily accessed and fixed. equipment was made of cheap, simple, generic parts that were put together Again - I do not want this to be true. I wish that American-made

"WARRANTY VOID" stickers, snap-fits... even on industrial equipment! But so often we have injection-molded plastic, special extrusions,

molds/tools/etc. to make the exact same thing. 20+ sellers for the exact same thing - but each one is using different produced the more generic attitude - you can go on AliExpress and find It seems to be the case that commodification and industry clustering has

onto their employees. It doesn't seem maximally co-operative. savings onto us, but they pass the poor working conditions and wages have constructed it, these suppliers' margins are slim. Yes, they pass the Is this good? It certainly has its problems. In a global market, the way we

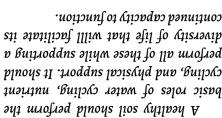
breaks, there is a generic off the shelf part that can replace it. to make a frankenstein. There's no unibody silliness - if something tons of guys making parts for these things and you can fabricobble stuff Chinese one. I have no idea the model number. But it's generic. There are the owners. I bought (secondhand) a 60W laser cutter from a guy. It's a Putting that aside though, once the equipment exists, it is a huge win for

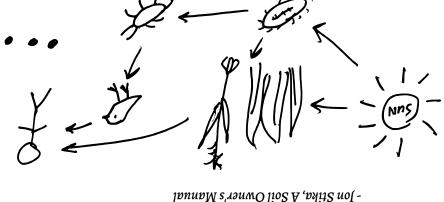
them - for my machine and zillions of other models. business if I want to have replacement parts. Someone else will make I do not need to have faith that the original manufacturer will still be in

diversity of life that will facilitate its n gnitroqque slihw sesht to lla mrotrsq cycling, and physical support. It should basic roles of water cycling, nutrient

These functions are interwoven with one

- Jon Stika, A Soil Owner's Manual





look at making the soil the dest habitat possible for soil microorganisms

Instead of looking at your system to maximize yield of a particular crop,

order for the big things to flourish. Not even one iota must pass - but the

highest cannot stand without the lowest. The little things must work in available, while also simultaneously thinking of higher things. The To do this requires us to examine the low-level functions and tools

tools to pull from. It is not sufficient to have the capacity: there must be healing is contingent on having an environment that has a diverse set of

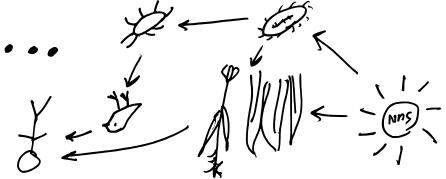
true. They can use their environment to heal themselves. This self-

resiliency. Biological things can heal themselves - but this is only halfanother in a complex ecosystem. A major advantage of this is a sort of

to thrive and build soil organic matter and feed the plants.

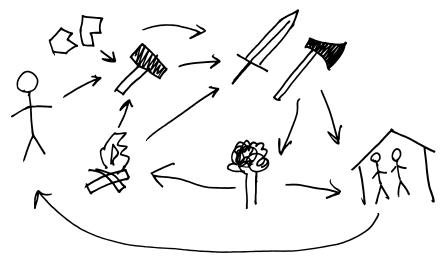
the requisite nutrients for an organism to rebuild itself with.

iotas must come to their fullness; their perfection.



Shop as Ecosystem

So, we should make our technology more organic. Well, in reality, it already is. Technology is very much alive - but not in the sort of self-propagating-artificial-intelligence way that science fiction often contrives. No, this is science fact. Our tools exist in an ecosystem steered largely by man - in actuality, they exist in the same ecosystem that biological organisms exist in. We often forget this and make a harsh divide between the "manmade" and the "natural".



"The way to solve the conflict between human values and technological needs is not to run away from technology. That's impossible. The way to resolve the conflict is to break down the barriers of dualistic thought that prevent a real understanding of what technology is: not an exploitation of nature, but a fusion of nature and the human spirit into a new kind of creation that transcends both."

- Robert Pirsig, Zen and the Art of Motorcycle Maintenance

It has been said that modernity's hallmark is technology. To me, this is a tautology. Technology is the -logy of techne; it is the study of craft. This is the fundamental human activity; this is the fundamental divine activity, even! Technology is society, and society is technology. Maybe we have strayed and erred; maybe we need to tear down what we have built. But after tearing down, do we not expect to build anew? We strive to build the New Jerusalem - even if we have built Babel.

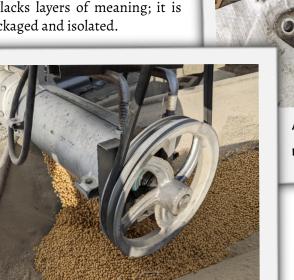
Stories from the Field

We had a bearing go out on our bin auger this month. This was a common pillow block (I think it would be a McMaster-Carr 5968K91). I can't make a bearing. This portion of our farm is not self-healing; it would be quite strange for it to be self-healing, too. We would need a mine, a foundry, machining centers, heat-treatment capabilities, ball

bearing grinders, ... the list goes on.

Of course, though, we are part of a

Of course, though, we are part of a larger ecosystem. So, we get the part from a store. But this is a very distant sort of transaction. It is reductive: the exchange *is* one of pure dollars. It seems to not rhyme with the biological processes around us; it lacks layers of meaning; it is prepackaged and isolated.



A BEARING

But we do have certain things at our immediate disposal: we only needed the part. We had the wrenches, the sockets, the hydraulic press, and more needed to do the re-assembly. We still have a certain degree of diversity on our farm in terms of what we can do. But it is not an infinite diversity. It seems that the diversity of capabilities and tools required to maintain equipment in good health is constantly expanding as our machines become more and more sophisticated.